

REPORT FOR DECISION

MEETING:	LICENSING & SAFETY PANEL		
DATE: SUBJECT:	26 th APRIL 2018 LICENSING OF TOURING SITES GENERAL CONDITIONS		
REPORT FROM:	ASSISTANT DIRECTOR (LOCALITIES)		
CONTACT OFFICER:	M BRIDGE/A WILLIAMS/M STREET		
TYPE OF DECISION:	COUNCIL		
FREEDOM OF INFORMATION/STATUS:	This paper is within the public domain		
SUMMARY:	Approval of Campsite Licence		
OPTIONS & RECOMMENDED OPTION	 Members adopt the proposed standard conditions in respect of campsite under the Public Health Act and Caravan Sites and Control of Development Act 1960 1936 contained at Appendix 1. – Preferred option. Members refuse to adopt the standards conditions under the Public Health Act 1936 and Caravan Sites and Control of Development Act 1960. Members make amendments to the proposed standard conditions proposed 		

IMPLICATIONS:			
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Corporate Aims/Policy Framework:	Do the proposals accord with the Policy Framework? Yes ☑ No □		
Financial Implications and Risk Considerations:	There are no specific issues from the report other than potential costs/risks associated with legal appeals.		
Statement by Director of Finance and E-Government:	The cost of the licensing function are funded through the fees and charges levied by the Council. There may be additional costs if appeals are lodged with the Magistrates and Crown Courts.		
Equality/Diversity implications:	Yes ☑ No □		
Considered by Monitoring Officer:	Yes ☑ Comments		
Are there any legal implications?	Under the legislation the Council is required to determine applications. The report is in accordance with the appropriate legislation.		
Staffing/ICT/Property:	None		
Wards Affected:	All		
Scrutiny Interest:			

TRACKING/PROCESS DIRECTOR:

Chief Executive/ Strategic Leadership Team	Executive Member/Chair	Ward Members	Partners
Scrutiny Committee	Committee	Council	

1.0 BACKGROUND

- 1.1 Applications for a campsite are considered under section 269 of the Public Health Act 1936. Bury Council has not previously received an application for a campsite, therefore the Council are required to determine any applications that are received.
- 1.2 The Local Authorities (Functions and Responsibilities)(England) Regulations 2000 as amended indicate that this is a council function and under the Council's Constitution is delegated to the Licensing and Safety Panel.
- 1.3 A licence is required if the site is operating for more than 42 consecutive days or more than 60 days on any 12 consecutive months.

2.0 CURRENT ISSUES

2.1 Members of the Licensing and Safety Panel are being requested to adopt the conditions proposed under the Public Health Act 1936 which are attached at Appendix 1.

3.0 CONCLUSION

3.1 Members are requested to consider the options contained in the report.

List of Background Papers:-

Public Health Act 1936

Contact Details:-

Mr M. Bridge Licensing Unit Manager 3 Knowsley Place Duke Street Bury BL9 OEJ

Telephone: 0161 253 5209 Email: m.bridge@bury.gov.uk

Please note that these conditions are for touring tent & caravan sites. They are not for static sites, park homes and traveller sites although there will be some similarities in the conditioning.

Density

- 1. Site density should not exceed 75 units (caravans or motor caravans) per hectare (30 units per acre) calculated on the basis of the useable area rather than the total site area (i.e. excluding crags, lakes, roads, communal services etc), provided that, where tent camping is also permitted, the maximum number of units stationed on the site at any one time should be reduced by the number of pitches occupied by main tents stationed for human habitation.
- 2. Where the number of units on the site is to be limited by condition, it may be appropriate to prescribe maxima by reference to specified periods so as to permit up to 10% more units during such peak holiday periods as may be agreed between the site licensing authority and the licence holder without the provision of additional facilities, provided that:- (I) the provisions of paragraph 1 above are complied with; and (ii) the standards relating to spacing, as set out in paragraphs 3 5 below are complied with.

Spacing

- 3. Every unit should be not less than 6 metres from any other unit in separate family occupation and not less than 3 metres should be permitted between units in any circumstances.
- 4. Vehicles and other ancillary equipment should be permitted within the 6 metres space between units in separate family occupation but, in order to restrict the spread of fire, there should always be 3 metres clear space within the 6 metres separation.
- 5. Emergency vehicles should be able to secure access at all times to within 90 metres of any unit on the site.
- 6. There should be a 3 metre wide area kept clear within the inside of all the boundaries.

Drinking Water Supply

- 7. There should be an adequate supply of drinking water that is provided in accordance with appropriate Water Bylaws and Statutory Quality Standards. Drinking water should be clearly marked as **Drinking Water.**
- 8. Each pitch on a site should be no further than 90 metres from a water tap.
- 9. At each tap there should be a soakaway or gulley.

Waste Water Disposal

10. Waste water disposal points should be provided so that each pitch is no further than 90 metres from a waste water disposal point. The appropriate Water Authority should be consulted about the arrangements for disposal of water likely to be contaminated.

Toilets: WCs and Chemical Closets

- 11. The scale of provision should be 1 WC and 1 urinal for men and 2 WCs for women per 30 pitches and their location should be to the satisfaction of the licensing authority. The pro rata scale can be reduced where sites have over 120 pitches (see also paragraph 12 below). Toilets may not be justified where sites have less than 10 pitches but on sites with between 10 and 30 pitches at least 1 WC and 1 urinal for men and 2 WCs for women should be provided.
- 12. Where the provision of WCs is not feasible or justified entry should be confined to units with their own toilets or chemical closets should be provided.
- 13. Satisfactory provision should be made for the drainage of foul water.

Disposal Point for Chemical Closets

14. Whether or not WCs are provided a properly designed disposal point for the contents of chemical closets should be provided together with an adjacent adequate supply of water for cleansing containers. The method of disposal will need to be considered in the light of the particular circumstances and should be to the satisfaction of the local authority and the appropriate Water Authority. Where appropriate, the water supply should be clearly labelled as non-potable.

Washing Points

15. There should be a minimum of 4 wash basins supplied with water per 30 units, 2 each for men and women. They should be adjacent to the toilets.

Hot water: Showers

16. Showers should not be obligatory on sites with less than 70 pitches. If showers are required provision should be on the basis of 1 shower per 25 pitches and hot water should be available.

Disabled Persons

17. Particular consideration should be given to the needs of the disabled in the provision made for water points, toilets, washing points and showers.

Electrical Installations

18. The electrical installations shall be subject to regulation under current relevant legislation and must be designed, installed, tested and inspected in accordance with the provisions of the current relevant statutory requirements. Any works on electrical installations and appliances shall be carried out only by persons who are competent to do the particular type of work being undertaken, in accordance with current relevant statutory requirements. Any work on the electrical installation within the site shall be done by a competent person fully conversant with the appropriate statutory requirements.

Refuse Disposal

19. Adequate provision should be made for the storage, collection and disposal of refuse. (It is expected that site operators should normally be able to meet their responsibilities by making arrangements with the local authority).

Fire Precautions

- 20. Where fire extinguishers are provided no unit should be further than 90 metres from a fire point. At each fire point there should be two water (gas expelled) extinguishers each of 9 litres capacity that meet 21A standard and complying with British Standard 5306:2012, two 6 litre water with additive will also achieve the 21A standard to deal with class A fires. At each point there should also be a means of raising the alarm in the event of fire (e.g. a manually operated sounder, gong or hand operated siren). All firefighting equipment susceptible to damage by frost should be suitably protected.
- 21. Where standpipes are provided rather than fire extinguishers no unit should be further than 30 meters from a fire point. There must be a water supply of sufficient pressure and flow to project a jet of water approximately 5 meters from the nozzle, together with a reel of small diameter nose of not less than 30 meters in length, having means of connection to a water standpipe (preferably a screw thread connection) and terminating in a small hand control nozzle. Hoses should be housed in a box painted red and marked A HOSE REEL≅.
- 22. The fire points should be clearly marked and easily accessible. All firefighting equipment should be maintained in working order and kept available for use and for inspection by the licensing authority.
- 23. Each fire point should exhibit a conspicuous notice indicating the action to be taken in case of fire and the location of the nearest telephone. The notice should include the following: On discovering fire
 - 1. Raise the alarm
 - 2. Ensure the affected unit is evacuated
 - 3. Call the Fire Brigade (the nearest telephone is sited)
 - 4. If practicable, attack the fire using the firefighting equipment provided.

Liquefied Petroleum Gas

24. Arrangements for the storage of Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG) on the site should be in accordance with the current national Code of Practice and regulations. CAGE

Site Notices

- 25. A sign indicating the name of the site should be displayed at the site entrance.
- 26. Notices should be displayed prominently on the site indicating the action to be taken in the event of an emergency and show where the police, fire brigade, ambulance and local doctors can be contacted, and the location of the nearest public telephone. Where practicable a telephone should be provided on the site and the full address of the site should be displayed near the telephone.
- 27. At sites subject to flood risk, warning notices should be displayed giving advice about the operation of the flood warning system.
- 28. At sites with overhead electric lines, warning notices should be displayed on the supports for the lines and at the site entrance. Where appropriate, these should warn against the danger of contact between the lines and the masts of yachts of dinghies.
- 25. A copy of the site licence with its conditions should be displayed prominently on the site.

Screening, Site Road, Etc.

- 26. Any screening by the way of bushes or trees which are required by the District Council shall be maintained to a proper standard.
- 27. Site grass shall be kept cut to a reasonable level.
- 28. Any access, access road or site road shall be maintained in good condition.

Site Boundaries

29. The boundaries of the site shall be clearly marked by a man made or natural feature and the site owner shall give the authority an up to date layout of the site on application of the licence, when there is a material change to the boundaries or layout or if requested by the local authority. The plan must show all relevant structures, features and facilities on site.

Other Conditions

30. Unless individual planning permission suggests otherwise no caravan or tent shall be permitted to remain on the site for more than twenty-one consecutive nights. The holder(s) for the time being of this site licence shall maintain a

register of the users of each pitch on the site. Such registers shall be made in such forms as the Environmental Services officers shall from time to time approve but shall in any event contain sufficient particulars of the names and addresses of every person occupying a pitch on the site, whether with caravan or tent and the date of actual vacation of the pitch.

Unless individual planning permission suggests otherwise the site shall only be used for caravans and tents from the 1st March to the 31st October in each year. The site shall be completely cleared of all caravans, tents and structures of a temporary nature by the 1st November in each year.



Public Health Act 1936 - Section 269

Application for Licence to Use Land as a Site for Moveable Dwellings

	Name of applicant(s)	
]	
	J	
	Address of applicant(s)	
Post code Telephone number(s)		I here
by apply for a Licence under Section 269 of the Public Health Act	1936 authorising the use as a	
for moveable dwellings on the land within your Borough occupied		
Post code Telephone number(s)		
Address of site:		
Address of site.		
Name of Site:		
		Appl
icants Interest in land (Give particulars of tenancy or lease if any)		
realits interest in land (Give particulars of tenancy of lease if any)	•	
Acreage of site:		
Has the applicant held a site licence	which has been revoked at a	nv
time in the last 3 years?	Willell has been revoked at a	,

9

If yes please give details

No

Yes

	Please state the maximum num any one time:	ber of tents proposed to be statio	ned at
			Plea
			se stat
e what the arrangements ar	e for refuse disposal:		
			Plea
			se
			stat
e what the arrangements ar	e sewage and waste disposal:		
e what the arrangements ar	e sewage and waste disposal.		
Electricity Supply			
Electricity Supply			
Are there electric	hook- up:	s for tents? Yes	
No -	1100K	101 tents: Tes	
If yes how many			
Do you have a NICE/IEE Ce	rtificate? Yes	No	
Toilet facilities			
Please state below your nun	nhers for the following:		
Numbers of	Male	Female	
WC's			
Showers			
Wash hand basins			
Hot & cold water points Urinals	+		
Chemical disposal points			
Chemical disposal points			
Do you have a water tap for Foul Water Drainage	cleaning closets? Yes	No	
ioui mutei Dianiaye			
Which of these relates to yo	ur site?		
Sewer	Sontic tank	Cosspool	
Jewei	Septic tank	Cesspool	
If you have a Septic tank or	· package sewage treat	 ment plant where does it discharg	e?
, called a Septic talk of		p.a according	
	10		\neg

Please state.		
		If
		you hav
a a Cossessal who amptics it and how often?	_	
e a Cesspool who empties it and how often?		
Water Supply		
How many water points do you have?		
What is the average distance from the tents?		Stat
		e
		the near
est supply of drinking water \mathbf{IF} \mathbf{NONE} \mathbf{ON} $\mathbf{SITE},$ a	nd its distance from the site.	
Are gullies present at the water points?	Yes No	
Are soakaways present at the water points?	Yes No	
Fire Points		
Please give the number of fire points you have:		
What is the average distance from the tents?		
		Plea se
state how many fire extinguishers you have and $\ensuremath{\mathbf{w}}$	hat type they are:	
Diago state the number of bases you have and wh	ant hung.	
Please state the number of hoses you have and wh	iat type.	
Planning permission		
	ssion for the site been obtained from the loca	al
planning authority?		
Yes No		
If yes state:		
a) Date of permission:		

b) Planning reference:c) Date on which permission	n will expire:			
If no has permission been applie	ed for? Ye	es No		
If planning permission has been	applied for pleas	se state the date the	application was made	e and the
Date		Reference number		
planning reference number.				
A layout plan of the site to a sca the site, the positions of the tent Roads and footpaths	t pitches and (wh	nere appropriate):	water supply	ındaries of
Toilet blocks stores & other buil Foul & surface water drainage		Fire points Parking spaces		
Declaration I confirm that the information I l knowledge and belief.	have provided or	n this application for	m is true to the best (of my
Signature				
Dated				

Section 269 (4) provides that where under the section an application for a licence is made to a local authority, the authority shall be deemed to have granted it unconditionally, unless within 4 weeks from the receipt thereof they give notice to the applicant stating that his application is refused, or stating the conditions subject to which a licence is granted, and if an applicant is aggrieved by the refusal of the authority to grant him a licence, or by ant condition attached to a licence granted, he may appeal to the Court of Summary Jurisdiction.

Please return the completed application with the site layout plan and electrical certification to:

Urban Renewal
Department for Communities and Wellbeing
Room 35, Town Hall
Knowsley Street
Bury
BL9 0SW

NOTE 1

If you are aggrieved by any condition attached to this licence you may appeal to a court summary jurisdiction within 21 days on the case of Section 269 of the Public Health Act 1936 or 28 days in the case of the Caravans Sites and Control of Development Act 1960 from the date of receiving this licence.

NOTE 2

A. **Caravans** - means any structure designed or adapted for human habitation which is capable of being moved from one place to another (whether being towed, or by being transported on a motor vehicle or trailer) and any motor vehicle or trailer) and any motor vehicle so designed or adapted.

Note 3

The council must be notified of any alterations or additions to the site prior to them taking place.